

## LYNCHING BY OHIO MOB

### Anti-Saloon League Detective the Victim

### HAD SHOT NEWARK MAN

Carl Etherington, Aged 22, Cried Piteously for Mercy, But the Mob Was Deaf to His Appeals Last Night.

Newark, Ohio, July 9.—Carl Etherington, 22 years old, employed Thursday night by the Anti-Saloon League as a blind tiger taker, was lynched here at 10:35 last night following a day of almost continuous rioting. The heavy doors of the Licking county jail were battered down and Etherington was dragged from his cell. He was shot, kicked and bruised before the street was reached and the finish followed quickly.

Etherington early in the evening confessed he killed William Howard, proprietor of the "Last Chance" restaurant and former chief of police, in a raid of alleged "speakeasies" during a scuffle at 1:30 yesterday afternoon and narrowly escaped lynching at that time. When news from the hospital that Howard had died passed over the city at 9 o'clock last night the fury of the mob took definite form.

Large battering rams were directed upon the doors of the Licking county jail and the deputies were powerless. The doors fell after nearly an hour's attack.

Crying piteously Etherington, a curly headed Kentuckian, who had been serving as a strikebreaker since he was released from marine service three months ago, was dragged forth. "I didn't mean to do it," he wailed, but his cries fell upon deaf ears.

Fearing that the mob spirit would not be satisfied with one victim Sheriff Link immediately asked Adjutant General Weyrecht for troops to protect six other "dry" raiders held at the city prison, in another section of the town. A hurried guard was thrown out in their defense. The mob, after the first taste of blood seemed to quiet. It was feared that the rioters would storm the city prison before the night was finished.

Etherington's last moments, while he lay on the ground, were spent in writing a note to his parents, farmers residing near Williamsburg, Ky.

It is said that when the detectives entered Howard's place on the outskirts of Newark he put his arms about Etherington, as if to hold him, whereupon the officer fired a bullet into Howard's head.

Wayne B. Wheeler, state superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, said that the men who made the Newark raids yesterday were not in the direct employment of the league. They were hired by the Licking County Law Enforcement League, he said, through a Cleveland agency, of which ex-Representative Pierce D. Metzger is proprietor. At Granville, Licking county, 20 men were sworn as special officers, and furnished with warrants to serve under the Woods search and seizure act. It was planned to raid five Newark places, where liquors were sold illegally. Superintendent Wheeler said he knew nothing concerning the special officers nor their home addresses.

### At Last the Rope Broke.

After Etherington's body had dangled for an hour, before a quiet and sober crowd, which slowly melted away, the rope broke under the weight of the body. The city ambulance came up, packed the limp form aboard and hauled it to the city morgue.

An hour later, the city was absolutely quiet, with little chance of further disturbance. The other "dry" detectives in the city prison are safe for the present.

Sheriff William Link, during the attack on his residence adjoining the jail, frantically tried to have the governor's office answer his telephone in the appeal for the troops. He was informed by Secretary Long, he says, that the state considered it too late to be of service.

### MENTAL LABOR DEFENDED

By President Eliot at Education Convention Last Night.

Boston, July 9.—Marked by the overruling of the prejudice against Mrs. Ella Flagg Young of Chicago, as president, and by the overruling of the prejudice against nominations from the free, the annual convention of the National Education Association ended here last night.

"There is nothing low minded about mental work done in order to improve on any chances of earning a good livelihood whether in overalls, apron, or in street clothes," said Dr. Charles W. Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard, in his address at the closing session last evening.

"American society," he said, "has gotten over the idea that a gentleman can have no other occupation than that of a soldier, a priest or a land owner." President Eliot's subject was "The Value of Mental Labor in a Life Career."

### SEEK CITY CHARTER.

Some of Winoski Voters Prefer Separation from Colchester.

Winoski, July 8.—The legal voters of the village of Winoski will soon be petitioned and warned to meet for the purpose of applying to the legislature for a city charter and separation from the town of Colchester. The date of the meeting has not as yet been fixed but considerable talk is going the rounds at present. In separating from the town the voters of the village avoid paying a town tax, which at the present time is 35 cents on the dollar. The object of the meeting is to discuss the proposition and leave it to the voters to decide. If the vote should result in the affirmative the legislature will then be appealed to, to effect the change and grant the village a city charter.

## YALE'S ATHLETIC FINANCES.

Annual Report Shows Decrease in Receipts from Sports.

New Haven, July 9.—The annual report for the four major sports at Yale for the year 1908-9, ended Sept. 1, 1909, shows total receipts of \$104,945, a decrease of \$6041, as compared with the previous year. Track athletics brought in \$38,111, an increase of \$1397; baseball brought in \$28,484, a decrease of \$4077; football \$27,770, a decrease of \$310, and football \$10,579, a decrease of \$4171.

The total expenses were: For track athletics \$13,300, an increase of \$250; baseball \$22,787, a decrease of \$4254; football \$21,818, an increase of \$776, and football \$37,846, a decrease of \$8888. Including in expenses \$5000 for minor athletics and \$5000 for Carnegie swimming pool, the balance of profit from athletics was \$4331, as compared with \$800 last year.

The reserve fund of the Financial union falls to \$116,832, as compared with \$110,831 the previous year, due chiefly to the purchase of real estate for \$9380 and boathouse funds amounting to \$4183 transferred to the university. In some of the larger items of expense track athletics, hotels and meals rose from \$3000 to \$3800, and training table from \$1710 to \$2060. In baseball, travelling expenses rose from \$2110 to \$2404, hotels and meals from \$2875 to \$3385, while training table falls from \$2194 to \$1937.

In football, travelling expenses fall from \$2110 to \$1127, hotels and meals rise from \$2875 to \$3361, and training table falls from \$2194 to \$1401. In boating, hotels and meals rise from \$2300 to \$2907 and training table falls from \$2488 to \$2067. The doctor and medicine bill of the football team rises from \$888 to \$1258.

In football, the receipts from the Princeton game were \$25,342 and from the Harvard game \$37,420. In baseball the receipts from the Princeton game were \$11,263, and from the Harvard game \$8,333.

### STABLE IS RULED OFF.

H. G. Bedwell, His Agent and Horace Under Ban for "Doping."

Latonia, Ky., July 9.—H. G. Bedwell, owner of one of the largest racing stables in the east, with his entire racing stable of horses and his agent, Thomas M. McCreary, were ruled off the Latonia course Thursday. The action by Judges Price and Dillon followed the investigation into the condition of the horse Nadra, which was excused from the sixth race on July 4.

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### ONE MAN KILLED

And Several Fatally Injured in New York Last Night.

New York, July 9.—The motorman on a Brooklyn trolley left the rails after a burst of speed and dashed into an iron trolley pole on the roadside. George Bengel, a resident of Brooklyn, was killed instantly. Eighteen passengers were injured, some fatally.

### Keep It At Home.

The increasing use of electricity as a motive power and the employment of water for its generation opens a new field for the exploitation of capital and particularly for the creation of stock companies. New Hampshire and Vermont have seen a privilege on the Connecticut river utilized and with the bulk of its electric power transmitted to points in Massachusetts, instead of being employed in either of the states named. Vermont has seen of late the utilization of a valuable water power in one of the Black river valley towns and the electric power therefrom glides away out of the state into New Hampshire where it turns the wheels of industry, propels street cars and light highways, while Vermont must be content to look on and see the show.

Down in Maine, only so short a time ago as last year, some out of state men and capital set about a project to build a great electric power plant, the basis of which were water privileges on one of the rivers of the Pine tree state. It was a bold project, the projectors felt, to enact a like law ere the water privileges of the state are employed to foster the industrial interests outside the state. Some time ago some numerous water privileges are going to be developed but if the power from there is taken out of her domain, she simply sells her bright light for a song. Let's imitate Maine and keep the power for home utilization.—White River Junction Landmark.

### TO MEET AUGUST 11.

Washington County Veterans' Association at Dewey Park.

Secretary John R. Wilson of Worcester of the Washington county Veterans' association, has sent out announcements of the thirteenth annual encampment of the association to be held at Dewey Park August 11-12. August 11 will be "Aid Day" at the afternoon meeting. Representatives of the Sons of Veterans and their auxiliary, the W. R. C. and ladies of the G. A. R. will be largely in evidence. The evening meeting will be in charge of the Associate Members of the G. A. R., who have arranged an interesting program.

In the forenoon of the second day will be the usual business meeting, election of officers and the annual mokmok talk and a large attendance is anticipated. Dr. E. J. Foster of Waterbury Center is president of the association.

### TOWN LOSES PAUPER CASE.

Plaintiff Gets Verdict of \$200 and Costs in Lumber Case.

Middlebury, July 9.—In the case of M. W. Galvin vs. Brassau & Lamore the plaintiff was given a verdict yesterday to recover damages of \$200.31 and costs. This was a case in which it was sought to recover \$300 on a log cutting contract.

The pauper case of the town of Bristol vs. Jesse S. Farr of Bristol was tried yesterday afternoon. The plaintiff sought \$200 damages from Mr. Farr for transporting a pauper, named Lapresse, from Lincoln to Bristol last January. The defense was that Lapresse, who is a cripple, was simply accommodated with a ride at his own request and was charged nothing for the favor. The case went to the jury at five o'clock and shortly after adjournment of court brought in a sealed verdict of not guilty, the defendant to recover his costs.

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While Mr. Perkins said that he did not believe any harm could come from such a showing as there are only about half a dozen negroes, yet he thought that the influence of the presentation upon the little children which attended the moving picture show here would be harmful.

A resolution looking toward the suppression of the pictures will be presented before the next meeting of the Christian Endeavor society to be held in the Congregational church next Sunday evening.

## WILL CAUSE POLITICAL WAR

### Death of Congressman Brownlow Last Night

### AT JOHNSON CITY, TENN.

He Had the Record of All Southern Congressmen in the Matter of Securing Appropriations for His District.

Johnson City, Tenn., July 9.—Congressman Walter Preston Brownlow of the first Tennessee district, died here last night of Bright's disease after serving seven terms in Congress. During that time he made a record surpassing all other congressmen from the South in the matter of appropriations for his district. His death will cause a state of political confusion and it is expected there will be a struggle between the Brownlow and Evans factions in the Republican party.

Congressman Brownlow was born in Abington, Va. From the age of ten years he began to support himself, his father having died; and he became apprenticed at the innkeeper's trade and later as a locomotive engineer. After several years' service in those capacities he became a reporter on the Knoxville Whig and Chronicle, which was edited by his uncle, Hon. William G. Brownlow, United States senator. A short time later he purchased the Jonesboro, Tenn., Herald and Tribune, a Republican paper, of which he has since been editor and publisher.

He entered politics actively when he was elected delegate to the Republican national convention of 1880. The same year he was chairman of the campaign committee of his district, and two years later was elected to the Republican state committee, serving eight years. He was appointed postmaster of Jonesboro in 1881 and resigned to become assistant doorkeeper of the national House. In 1884, 1886, 1890 and 1894 he was elected delegate to the national conventions of his party, and after two defeats for the United States Senate he was elected representative to the 55th Congress, being re-elected to each of the following Congresses.

### JEFF DOES NOT BELIEVE

HE WAS DRUGGED

Ats Eggs for Last Meal, and Gotch and Woolley, Who Ate With Him, Were Unaffected—Gives Johnson Credit.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 9.—Jeffries doesn't believe he was drugged. When he arrived here yesterday, he refused to see anyone, but today he talked with a United Press man. He says he ate eggs his last meal and doesn't think they were drugged. He said further, "Gotch and Woolley were with me when I ate that dinner and they were unaffected. I can't believe I was drugged. It was simply the negro's superior punching which got me."

### GUNNING FOR JOHNSON

At Least, That Is What the Police Thought in Chicago.

Chicago, July 9.—Richard McGuirk, a St. Louis machinist, was arrested yesterday after he had attempted to force an entrance to the home of Jack Johnson, the negro pugilist, at 344 Wabash avenue. McGuirk was armed with a rifle. The police were called by excited neighbors of Johnson. They feared that McGuirk intended to kill the heavy weight champion.

McGuirk is held in jail pending an investigation. When examined at the police station, McGuirk said that he had lost \$25 on the prize fight at Reno. He denied that he intended to harm Johnson. He said that his home was in Brimford, Canada.

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### PERSONAL FRIEND OF LINCOLN.

Daniel S. Morse, a Lawyer, Died in Burlington.

Burlington, July 9.—Daniel Sandborn Morse, a personal friend of President Lincoln, who rode circuit with him in early days of Illinois, when the courts were held at different points, died at the Fanny Allen hospital yesterday morning after a long illness with locomotor ataxia. He had been confined to his bed about a month.

Mr. Morse was born in Hardwick 71 years ago, the son of Devine Morse, a prominent citizen of that place. He was educated in the schools of Hardwick, at Johnson Normal school and some of the preparatory schools of New Hampshire. He also attended Dartmouth college. He later taught school for some time and studied law, being admitted to the bar in Montpelier.

Later, he moved to Chicago and attained some prominence in the practice of his profession. It was while in Illinois that he became acquainted with Lincoln and at times he worked upon the same briefs with the man who was afterward president. Through the sparsely settled regions at that time, he was the custom for the judges and lawyers on horseback to different towns, and Morse and Lincoln often rode together.

Mr. Morse was made colonel of Governor Yates' staff, while living in the West. Because of ill health, he was obliged to give up the practice of law and took a position with D. Appleton & Co. as salesman.

The position he held until a few years ago. In 1890 he moved to this city. At the time of his death he was at Green street. He is survived by a wife, who was, before her marriage, Miss Abbie K. Dexter of Lebanon, N. H., and by a half brother, Nathan G. Morse, of Hardwick.

## PLAY GROUND IN OPERATION

Hundreds of Children Getting Healthful Recreation

### UNDER CAREFUL GUIDANCE

The First Playground in Vermont, Located on Berlin Street, Is Proving to Be a Big Boon for the Children of Barre.

Barre's new public playground, located on Berlin street, opens auspiciously, as many as 225 children gathering there on some days to enjoy the different amusements placed there at their disposal. The ground is in charge of Miss Cora Covey, who was recently graduated from the Boston school of gymnastics, the hygiene and physical training department of Wellesley college, and the youngsters receive daily instruction in the modern art of proper recreation.

Through the generosity of A. Scamplini, the city is given the free use of the large tract of land known as Rangers' field, to be utilized as a public playground. At the entrance of the grounds, a tract of land equal to a half-acre has been enclosed by a strong wire netting, and it is here that modern equipment has been installed for the development of young America's muscles. The outfit includes numerous swings, flying rings, see-saws and giant slides. The grounds are opened daily except Sundays from 9 a. m. to 12, and from 1:30 to 5 in the afternoon.

The children are not given access to the grounds except at those times, when Miss Covey is present to direct their play. With the exception of Wednesday afternoons, no girls above the age of 14 and boys over 12 are allowed the use of the grounds. Under the guidance of the instructor, the little people are taught to play in the right spirit and to realize at an early age the ways of right living. All inclinations toward rough and boisterous play are soon discouraged. The children quickly adapt themselves to using the amusement devices and are soon to be seen in the playground, enjoying the new recreation which has been introduced to them.

The playground is ideally located on the banks of the river, though no opportunity is lost to secure their safety from the water. The soil is sandy and permits those who are so inclined to play in it to their hearts' content. In one corner of the grounds there is a group of shade trees. Visitors here are able to sit and watch the performances of the young people.

Barre is the first city in Vermont to establish a public playground for its children, and expects to have more in operation within the next few years. Other cities, however, are agitating the idea, and it is probable that in the near future, they will profit by the example which this city has set in providing for development of its future citizens. The playing hours of little children are no longer regarded as useless and inconsequential, and Barre's first venture along this line follows the successful establishing of these playgrounds in large cities all over the country.

The project for a public place of recreation in this city had its inception in the Civic Federation of Women's clubs, and it is largely due to their efforts that the local playground has been successful. The federation appoints a plan of work committee, consisting at present of the following persons: Miss Wholen, Mrs. George Bates, Mrs. H. O. Worthen and Miss Hattie Chandler. Other committees which have had a share in the work are the location committee, consisting of Mrs. N. D. Phelps, Mrs. George Bond, Mrs. Keast, Mrs. Drusilla Bailey and Mrs. Charles A. Smith; the equipment committee, consisting of Mrs. H. O. Worthen, Mrs. Carroll White, Mrs. George Tilden, Mrs. George Bates; and the maintenance committee, composed of Mrs. Hickert, Mrs. Powers, Mrs. E. T. Mower and Miss Chandler.

A new road has been surveyed by the railway company so that the railway extension may not touch the property of William C. Fifield of Harmony, Mich., south of Fair Haven, and that matter was not taken up. On June 18 a hearing on the condemnation and appraisal of this land was adjourned until yesterday. If the railway desires later that it prevent a cross Mr. Fifield's land, the commission will grant a hearing within a week after notice is given.

### RUTLAND BARS PICTURES.

Mayor Carpenter Will Not Permit Their Presentation.

Rutland, July 9.—Mayor Henry O. Carpenter will not allow the presentation of the Jeffries-Johnson fight pictures in this city should any of the three motion picture establishments wish to present them.

He said yesterday when told that an attempt would be made to show them here, "When so many of the larger cities, which overlook lots of things which we would not tolerate in Rutland, bar the pictures, we could hardly afford to allow them."

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